

S/Prbs

DEPARTMENT OF STATE  
BUREAU OF INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY

THE CUBAN PEOPLE ARE BEING USED AS A BARGOTIN IN THE PRESENT CRISIS  
(NOVEMBER 5, 1962)

Summary - Domestic propaganda on the Cuban crisis appeared to be continuing on a somewhat reduced scale over the weekend. When Soviet press attention was not focused on such other events as the Sino-Vietnam conflict, the accent was on the intransigence of Castro's demands and the warmth of Mikoyan's meeting with Castro in Hawaii. Mikoyan's stop-over in New York on his way to Cuba was seen by Moscow as a "showdown" that was as much proof of Soviet effort to placate Castro as last week's massive effort to portray the Soviet Union as a model of peace had failed to do somewhat. Joining of the news of Mikoyan's arrival in New York on November 5 with nearly 20 items followed throughout the program.

3. Gave Brief Coverage to Castro Speech - Pravda - December 4 gave nearly a page to a summary of Castro's November 3 speech in Washington concerning his talks with Chairman Khrushchev. It is believed that the summary was largely factual since no Soviet comment on the speech was reported by FBIS. The Soviet radio also gave wide coverage to Castro's speech in the form of six to ten minute summaries. Further details on the contents of the summaries will be given when available.

4. Soviet Publicized of President's November 2 Visit - On November 3 both Moscow Radio and Tass gave formal summaries, which were widely circulated, of President Kennedy's November 2 speech. The summaries remarked, however, that the information concerning the dismantling of the missile bases was obtained through aerial photographs taken by aircraft violating Cuba's airspace." It also noted was the President's statement that the Red Cross might be a suitable international organization to take charge of inspection of Cuba's land cargoes. (This is believed to be the first reference in Soviet domestic propaganda to a potential role for the Red Cross in Cuba.)

4. Moscow Radio Gives Brief Report of Mikoyan-Castro Talks - On November 4 Radio Moscow stated that the Mikoyan-Cuban talks ending with questions on the "international situation" were being carried out in an "atmosphere of mutual friendship, complete trust, and mutual understanding. The statement quoted Mikoyan at New York as saying Castro's five demands were also given full coverage.

Pravda Article by Gomulka Refers to Cuba - Principal reported coverage of the Cuban situation in Pravda for November 5 was 4. It contained in a long article by Wladyslaw Gomulka on the 45th anniversary of the October Revolution. Gomulka wrote that in "these days of tension" the world sees that "war is characteristic of the image of imperialism" but "the image of socialism is the image of peace."

6. Jamming - During nearly all VOA news programs beamed at the Soviet Union on November 5 jamming was lighter than it had been last week with such items as US insistence on on-the-site inspection allowed to go through. Considerably more sensitivity was shown toward VOA news concerning Sino-Indian clashes.

**TRANSCRIBED PAGES FOLLOW**

DEPARTMENT OF STATE  
BUREAU OF INTELLIGENCE AND RESEARCH

WHAT THE SOVIET PEOPLE ARE BEING TOLD THROUGH THE SOVIET PRESS AND RADIO  
(NOVEMBER 4, 1962)

1. Summary - Domestic propaganda on the Cuban crisis appeared to be continuing on a somewhat reduced level over the weekend. When Soviet press attention was not focused on such other events as the Sino-Indian conflict, the accent was on the reasonableness of Castro's demands and the warmth of Mikoyan's meeting with Castro in Havana. Mikoyan's stop-over in New York on his way to Cuba was seen by the Moscow domestic radio as further proof of Soviet efforts to preserve peace but least week's massive effort to portray the Soviet Union as the champion of peace has fallen off somewhat. Jamming of VOA news on Cuba appeared to be very light on November 5 with nearly all items allowed through on most programs.
2. Pravda Gives Wide Coverage of Castro Speech - Pravda on November 4 devoted nearly a page to a summary of Castro's November 1 television speech concerning his talks with U Thant. It is believed that the summary was largely factual since no Soviet comment on the speech was reported by FBIS. The Soviet radio also gave wide coverage to Castro's speech in the form of six to ten minute summaries. Further details on the contents of the summaries will be given when available.
3. Soviet Public Told of President's November 2 Speech - On November 3 both Moscow Radio and Tass gave factual summaries, which were widely circulated, of the President's November 2 speech. The summaries remarked however, that the information concerning the dismantling of the missile bases was obtained through aerial photographs "taken by aircraft violating Cuba's airspace." Emphasized was the President's statement that the Red Cross might be suitable international organization to take over inspection of Cuba-bound cargoes. (This is believed to be the first reference in Soviet domestic propaganda to a potential role for the Red Cross in Cuba.)
4. Moscow Radio Gives Brief Report of Mikoyan-Castro Talks - Line on November 4 Radio Moscow stated that the Mikoyan-Cuban talks dealing with questions on the "international situation" were being carried out in an "atmosphere of sincere friendship, complete trust and mutual understanding." The statement made by Mikoyan at New York supporting Castro's five demands was also given some coverage.

5. Pravda Article by Gomulka Refers to Cuba - Principal reported coverage of the Cuban situation in Pravda for November 5 was that contained in a long article by Wladislaw Gomulka on the 45th anniversary of the October Revolution. Gomulka wrote that "in these days of tension" the world sees that "war is characteristic of the image of imperialism" but "the image of socialism is the image of peace."

6. Jamming - During nearly all VOA news programs beamed at the Soviet Union on November 5 jamming was lighter than it had been last week with such items as US insistence on on-the-site inspection allowed to go through. Considerably more sensitivity was shown toward VOA news concerning Sino-Indian clashes.